

Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation¹ July 2019

In Montenegro, in July 2019 in collective accommodation (hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc.) tourists realised 6.8% more arrivals than in July 2018.

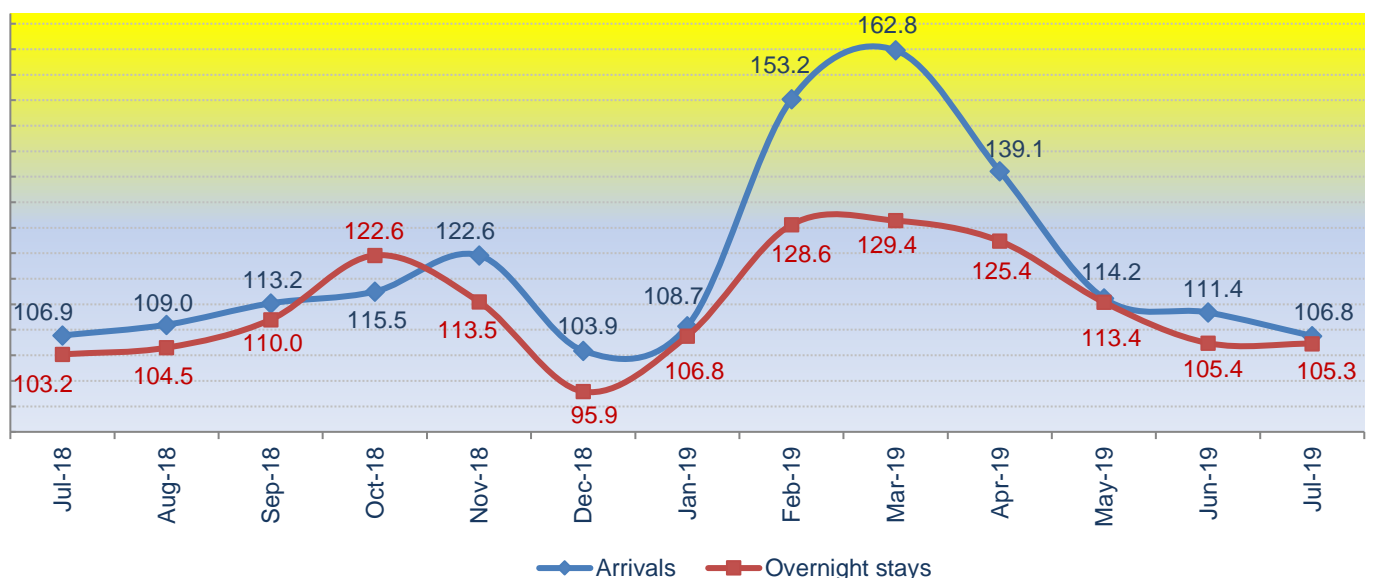
The number of realised overnight stays is 5.3% higher than in July 2018. Overnight stays of foreign tourists represent 92.1% while the domestic tourists represent 7.9% of all overnight stays in collective accommodation in July 2019.

In the first seven months of 2019, tourists realised 18.5% more arrivals and 9.6% more overnight stays than in the same period of the previous year.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays of foreign tourists, in July 2019, the most of them were realised by tourists from Russia (17.7%), Serbia (16.7%), France (6.3%), United Kingdom (6.3%), Poland (5.8%), Bosnia and Herzegovina (4.6%), Germany (4.4%) and Ukraine (3.0%). Tourists from other countries realised 35.2% overnight stays.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays by type of resort, the most of them were realised in seaside resorts (92.7%), capital (3.4%), in mountain resorts (2.2%) and in other tourist resorts (1.7%).

Graph 1 Annual indices of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation



¹ Collective accommodation establishments include hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc. Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

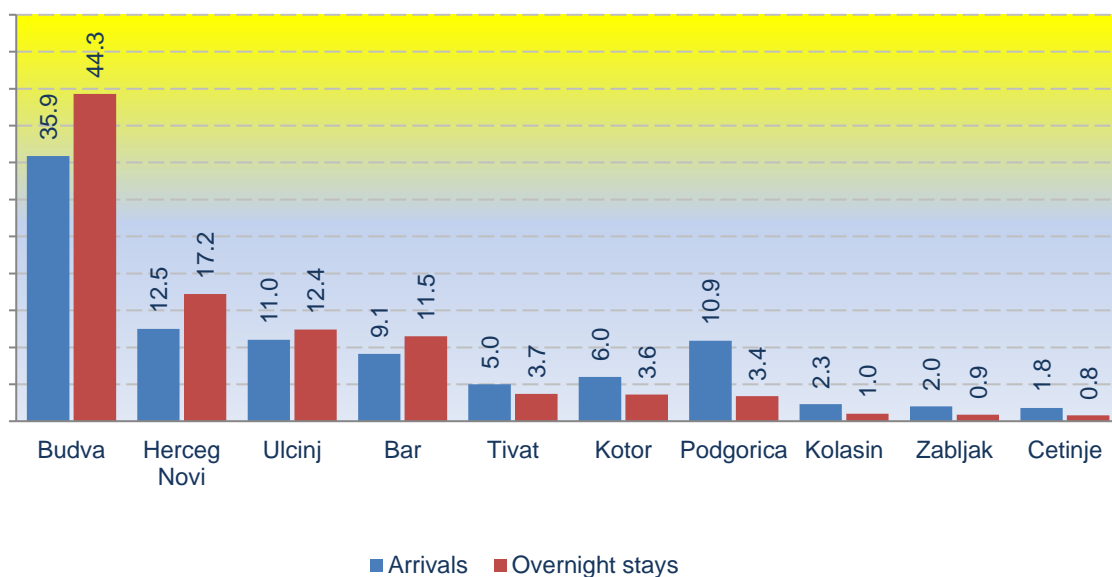
Note: The data of the individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments) will be processed and published annually since 2018, according to the Annual Plan of Official Statistics.

(p) – preliminary data

Table 1 Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation by municipalities, July 2019

Municipality	Arrivals of tourists				Overnight stays of tourists			
	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %
Total	176 346	13 976	190 322	100.0	863 249	73 847	937 096	100.0
Andrijevica	30	92	122	0.1	40	92	132	0.0
Bar	15 920	1 503	17 423	9.1	99 089	8 159	107 248	11.5
Berane	426	291	717	0.4	685	455	1 140	0.1
Bijelo Polje	656	233	889	0.5	1 177	357	1 534	0.2
Budva	64 327	3 969	68 296	35.9	392 555	22 125	414 680	44.3
Cetinje	2 737	736	3 473	1.8	3 894	3 910	7 804	0.8
Danilovgrad	278	33	311	0.2	902	102	1 004	0.1
Gusinje	40	18	58	0.0	51	20	71	0.0
Herceg Novi	21 564	2 180	23 744	12.5	139 888	21 288	161 176	17.2
Kolasin	3 980	413	4 393	2.3	7 874	1 064	8 938	1.0
Kotor	10 883	527	11 410	6.0	31 757	1 903	33 660	3.6
Mojkovac	722	73	795	0.4	1 254	100	1 354	0.1
Niksic	1 558	94	1 652	0.9	2 400	269	2 669	0.3
Plav	93	-	93	0.0	181	-	181	0.0
Pljevlja	292	129	421	0.2	518	263	781	0.1
Pluzine	1 234	52	1 286	0.7	2 508	86	2 594	0.3
Podgorica	19 446	1 218	20 664	10.9	28 347	3 421	31 768	3.4
Rozaje	36	16	52	0.0	376	19	395	0.0
Savnik	148	46	194	0.1	187	79	266	0.0
Tivat	8 908	696	9 604	5.0	31 952	2 860	34 812	3.7
Ulcinj	19 721	1 192	20 913	11.0	110 818	5 752	116 570	12.4
Zabljak	3 347	465	3 812	2.0	6 796	1 523	8 319	0.9

Graph 2 Structure of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation in the most visited municipalities (in %), July 2019



**Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation
by country of residence, July 2019**

Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %
Foreign tourists	176 346	100.0	863 249	100.0
Europe	150 875	85.6	801 128	92.8
Albania	1 861	1.1	5 327	0.6
Austria	1 934	1.1	7 206	0.8
Belgium	4 191	2.4	16 834	2.0
Belarus	801	0.5	6 601	0.8
Bosnia and Herzegovina	7 369	4.2	39 763	4.6
Bulgaria	425	0.2	1 087	0.1
Czech Republic	2 473	1.4	18 054	2.1
Denmark	1 432	0.8	5 699	0.7
Estonia	223	0.1	1 014	0.1
Finland	1 849	1.0	7 988	0.9
France	10 017	5.7	54 392	6.3
Greece	671	0.4	1 201	0.1
Netherlands	2 388	1.4	8 366	1.0
Croatia	2 521	1.4	7 260	0.8
Ireland	689	0.4	2 383	0.3
Iceland	76	0.0	251	0.0
Italy	3 174	1.8	8 607	1.0
Cyprus	137	0.1	329	0.0
Kosovo	4 882	2.8	20 771	2.4
Latvia	326	0.2	1 468	0.2
Lithuania	632	0.4	3 782	0.4
Luxembourg	132	0.1	444	0.1
Hungary	3 663	2.1	19 235	2.2
Malta	143	0.1	301	0.0
Macedonia	1 435	0.8	5 997	0.7
Norway	3 247	1.8	19 962	2.3
Germany	7 856	4.5	38 091	4.4
Poland	9 061	5.1	50 458	5.8
Portugal	508	0.3	1 472	0.2
Romania	3 321	1.9	8 282	1.0
Russia	20 277	11.5	152 687	17.7
Slovakia	1 685	1.0	10 255	1.2
Slovenia	2 010	1.1	8 254	1.0
Serbia	23 444	13.3	143 937	16.7
Spain	1 358	0.8	2 672	0.3
Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)	3 019	1.7	11 674	1.4
Sweden	3 424	1.9	17 575	2.0
Turkey	4 262	2.4	8 301	1.0
Ukraine	3 594	2.0	26 148	3.0
United Kingdom	9 786	5.5	54 200	6.3
Other European countries	579	0.3	2 800	0.3

Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by country of residence, July 2019

follow-up

Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %
Non-European countries	25 471	14.4	62 121	7.2
South Africa	151	0,1	373	0,0
Other African countries	295	0,2	1 421	0,2
Canada	948	0,5	2 462	0,3
USA	4 391	2,5	12 185	1,4
Other Northern American countries	196	0,1	500	0,1
Argentina	115	0,1	233	0,0
Brazil	339	0,2	1 121	0,1
Chile	61	0,0	174	0,0
Other Central or South American countries	253	0,1	661	0,1
China (including Hong Kong)	6 458	3,7	8 635	1,0
Japan	267	0,2	422	0,0
Republic of Korea	403	0,2	552	0,1
Israel	6 455	3,7	17 375	2,0
India	289	0,2	584	0,1
Azerbaijan	396	0,2	2 340	0,3
Other Asian countries	2 533	1,4	8 165	0,9
Australia	1 435	0,8	3 994	0,5
New Zealand	211	0,1	413	0,0
Oceania and other territories	275	0,2	511	0,1

Table 3 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by type of place², July 2019

Type of place	Arrivals				Overnight stays			
	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %
Total	176 346	13 976	190 322	100.0	863 249	73 847	937 096	100.0
Capital	19 446	1 218	20 664	10.9	28 347	3 421	31 768	3.4
Seaside resorts	141 323	10 067	151 390	79.5	806 059	62 087	868 146	92.7
Mountain resorts	8 908	1 102	10 010	5.2	18 013	2 883	20 896	2.2
Other tourist resorts	6 391	1 556	7 947	4.2	9 928	5 354	15 282	1.6
Other resorts	278	33	311	0.2	902	102	1 004	0.1

² **Capital:** Podgorica.

Seaside resorts: Bar, Budva, Kotor, Tivat, Ulcinj i Herceg Novi.

Mountain resorts: Andrijevisa, Gusinje, Kolasin, Plav, Pluzine, Rozaje, Savnik i Zabljak.

Other tourist resorts: Berane, Bijelo Polje, Cetinje, Mojkovac, Niksic, Petnjica i Pljevlja.

Other resorts: Danilovgrad.

METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Data on tourist traffic in collective accommodation (number of arrivals and overnight stays) have been collected by regular Monthly report on tourists arrivals and overnight stays in the collective accommodation establishments (form TU-11). Reports are made according to guest books which are led by reception of collective accommodation establishments (all types of hotels, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, tourist resorts, hostels, etc.). Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

Tourist is a person who spends at least one night in an accommodation facility or some other object for accommodation of tourist, in a place other than his/her place of permanent residence for the reasons of rest or recreation, health, studies, sports, religion, family, business, public missions or meetings. Tourists do not include migrants, border workers, diplomats, member of military forces in the regular duty, refugees, etc. Tourists are not persons who stays longer than 12 consecutive months in place visited, persons engaged in some activity funded from the place of the visit, persons who regularly, daily and weekly travel to the place for work or study, migrants, border workers, diplomatic and consular representatives, refugees, displaced persons, persons in transit who do not formally enter the country, permanent residents who travel to another place with the intention to reside there permanently, people who are temporarily working in Montenegro and receive a salary for their work.

Domestic tourist is a person with permanent residence in Montenegro who temporarily resides in any place of Montenegro, and spends at least one night in accommodation facility.

Foreign tourist is a person with permanent residence outside Montenegro, who temporarily resides in any place in Montenegro, and spends at least one night in an accommodation facility.

The last published data are considered **preliminary**, and becomes final within the defined deadline, as forseen by the Statistical Release Calendar.

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81000 Podgorica, IV Proleterske 2, phone (+382) 20 230-811; Fax (+382) 20 230-814

The release prepared by:

Ivana CIMBALJEVIC

Tel. +382-20-230 837

e-mail: contact@monstat.org