MONTENEGRO STATISTICAL OFFICE RELEASE No:140/2

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## Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation<sup>1</sup> June 2019

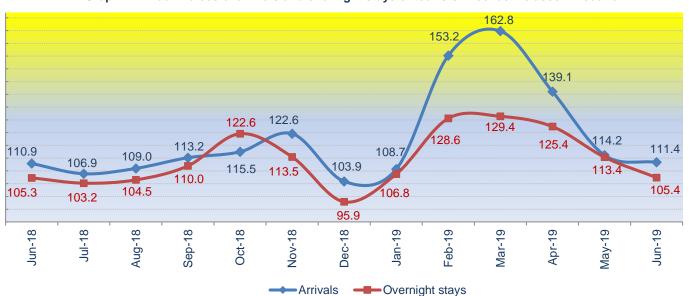
In Montenegro, in June 2019 in collective accommodation (hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc.) tourists realised 11.4% more arrivals than in June 2018.

The number of realised overnight stays is 5.4% higher than in June 2018. Overnight stays of foreign tourists represent 91.2% while the domestic tourists represent 8.8% of all overnight stays in collective accommodation in June 2019.

In the first six months of 2019, tourists realised 23.6% more arrivals and 12.5% more overnight stays than in the same period of the previous year.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays of foreign tourists, in June 2019, the most of them were realised by tourists from Russia (18.7%), Serbia (11.6%), United Kingdom (7.7%), France (7.3%), Germany (6.2%), Poland (5.7%), Bosnia and Herzegovina (3.2%) and Ukraine (2.9%). Tourists from other countries realised 36.7% overnight stays.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays by type of resort, the most of them were realised in seaside resorts (91.3%), capital (4.8%), in mountain resorts (2.2%) and in other tourist resorts (1.7%).



Graph 1 Annual indices of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Collective accommodation establishments include hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc. Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

Note: The data of the individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments) will be processed and published annually since 2018, according to the Annual Plan of Official Statistics.

Table 1 Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation by municipalities, June 2019

		Arrivals o	of tourists		Overnight stays of tourists				
Municipality	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %	
Total	145 917	14 478	160 395	100.0	601 538	58 091	659 629	100.0	
Andrijevica	40	80	120	0.1	50	96	146	0.0	
Bar	8 639	2 029	10 668	6.6	46 072	7 196	53 268	8.1	
Berane	324	348	672	0.4	507	464	971	0.1	
Bijelo Polje	298	297	595	0.4	474	545	1 019	0.2	
Budva	61 726	5 294	67 020	41.8	307 305	16 908	324 213	49.1	
Cetinje	1 779	638	2 417	1.5	2 407	1 990	4 397	0.7	
Danilovgrad	234	27	261	0.2	403	65	468	0.1	
Herceg Novi	17 254	1 706	18 960	11.8	97 785	18 946	116 731	17.7	
Kolasin	4 385	369	4 754	3.0	6 645	559	7 204	1.1	
Kotor	7 339	111	7 450	4.6	17 578	228	17 806	2.7	
Mojkovac	623	64	687	0.4	1 045	132	1 177	0.2	
Niksic	1 408	150	1 558	1.0	1 889	593	2 482	0.4	
Plav	90	-	90	0.1	129	-	129	0.0	
Pljevlja	319	135	454	0.3	415	289	704	0.1	
Pluzine	316	83	399	0.2	594	160	754	0.1	
Podgorica	17 348	1 305	18 653	11.6	27 472	3 801	31 273	4.7	
Rozaje	53	17	70	0.0	367	21	388	0.1	
Savnik	242	1	243	0.2	263	1	264	0.0	
Tivat	8 152	590	8 742	5.5	23 220	2 518	25 738	3.9	
Ulcinj	12 217	959	13 176	8.2	61 773	2 869	64 642	9.8	
Zabljak	3 131	275	3 406	2.1	5 145	710	5 855	0.9	

Graph 2 Structure of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation in the most visited municipalities (in %), June 2019

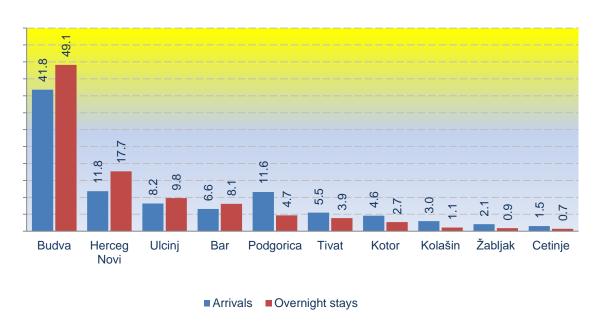


Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by country of residence, June 2019

Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %	
Foreign tourists	145 917	100.0	601 538	100.0	
Europe	118 573	81.3	548 710	91.2	
Albania	1 620	1.1	3 409	0.6	
Austria	2 603	1.8	11 718	1.9	
Belgium	1 966	1.3	8 456	1.4	
Belarus	739	0.5	5 373	0.9	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	4 321	3.0	19 056	3.2	
Bulgaria	422	0.3	1 217	0.2	
Czech Republic	1 961	1.3	11 653	1.9	
Denmark	574	0.4	2 485	0.4	
Estonia	592	0.4	3 618	0.6	
Finland	1 370	0.9	6 447	1.1	
France	8 436	5.8	43 975	7.3	
Greece	977	0.7	1 925	0.3	
Netherlands	1 653	1.1	6 113	1.0	
Croatia	3 370	2.3	8 518	1.4	
Ireland	614	0.4	2 295	0.4	
Iceland	52	0.0	319	0.1	
Italy	3 070	2.1	7 523	1.3	
Cyprus	124	0.1	641	0.1	
Kosovo	3 137	2.1	9 229	1.5	
Latvia	445	0.3	2 444	0.4	
Lithuania	750	0.5	3 689	0.6	
Luxembourg	95	0.1	460	0.1	
Hungary	1 971	1.4	7 643	1.3	
Malta	49	0.0	232	0.0	
Macedonia	992	0.7	2 996	0.5	
Norway	1 644	1.1	10 359	1.7	
Germany	8 334	5.7	37 210	6.2	
Poland	7 614	5.2	34 516	5.7	
Portugal	530	0.4	2 067	0.3	
Romania	2 718	1.9	10 273	1.7	
Russia	16 194	11.1	112 313	18.7	
Slovakia	471	0.3	1 840	0.3	
Slovenia	1 565	1.1	4 732	0.8	
Serbia	15 393	10.5	69 741	11.6	
Spain	1 541	1.1	2 904	0.5	
Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)	1 152	0.8	3 093	0.5	
Sweden	2 481	1.7	12 382	2.1	
Turkey	3 526	2.4	6 874	1.1	
Ukraine	3 294	2.3	17 605	2.9	
United Kingdom	9 184	6.3	46 512	7.7	
Other European countries	1 029	0.7	4 855	0.8	

Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by country of residence, June 2019

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Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %			
Non-European countries	27 344	18.7	52 828	8.8			
South Africa	191	0.1	308	0.1			
Other African countries	238	0.2	1 221	0.2			
Canada	872	0.6	1 882	0.3			
USA	3 741	2.6	7 951	1.3			
Other Northern American countries	50	0.0	116	0.0			
Argentina	167	0.1	664	0.1			
Brazil	314	0.2	795	0.1			
Chile	119	0.1	401	0.1			
Other Central or South American countries	349	0.2	1 171	0.2			
China (including Hong Kong)	10 315	7.1	12 723	2.1			
Japan	214	0.1	345	0.1			
Republic of Korea	468	0.3	638	0.1			
Israel	6 187	4.2	14 823	2.5			
India	295	0.2	862	0.1			
Azerbaijan	139	0.1	567	0.1			
Other Asian countries	1 835	1.3	5 128	0.9			
Australia	1 156	0.8	2 143	0.4			
New Zealand	273	0.2	478	0.1			
Oceania and other territories	421	0.3	612	0.1			

Table 3 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by type of place<sup>2</sup>, June 2019

	Arrivals				Overnight stays			
Type of place	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %
Total	145 917	14 478	160 395	100.0	601 538	58 091	659 629	100.0
Capital	17 348	1 305	18 653	11.6	27 472	3 801	31 273	4.8
Seaside resorts	115 327	10 689	126 016	78.6	553 733	48 665	602 398	91.3
Mountain resorts	8 257	825	9 082	5.7	13 193	1 547	14 740	2.2
Other tourist resorts	4 751	1 632	6 383	4.0	6 737	4 013	10 750	1.6
Other resorts	234	27	261	0.1	403	65	468	0.1

Other resorts: Danilovgrad.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital: Podgorica.

Seaside resorts: Bar, Budva, Kotor, Tivat, Ulcinj i Herceg Novi.

Mountain resorts: Andrijevica, Gusinje, Kolasin, Plav, Pluzine, Rozaje, Savnik i Zabljak.

Other tourist resorts: Berane, Bijelo Polje, Cetinje, Mojkovac, Niksic, Petnjica i Pljevlja.

## **METHODOLOGICAL NOTES**

Data on tourist traffic in collective accommodation (number of arrivals and overnight stays) have been collected by regular Monthly report on tourists arrivals and overnight stays in the collective accommodation establishments (form TU-11). Reports are made according to guest books which are led by reception of collective accommodation establishments (all types of hotels, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, tourist resorts, hostels, etc.). Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

Tourist is a person who spends at least one night in an accommodation facility or some other object for accommodation of tourist, in a place other than his/her place of permanent residence for the reasons of rest or recreation, health, studies, sports, religion, family, business, public missions or meetings. Tourists do not include migrants, border workers, diplomats, member of military forces in the regular duty, refugees, etc. Tourists are not persons who stays longer than 12 consecutive months in place visited, persons engaged in some activity funded from the place of the visit, persons who regularly, daily and weekly travel to the place for work or study, migrants, border workers, diplomatic and consular representatives, refugees, displaced persons, persons in transit who do not formally enter the country, permanent residents who travel to another place with the intention to reside there permanently, people who are temporarily working in Montenegro and receive a salary for their work.

Domestic tourist is a person with permanent residence in Montenegro who temporarily resides in any place of Montenegro, and spends at least one night in accommodation facility.

Foreign tourist is a person with permanent residence outside Montenegro, who temporarily resides in any place in Montenegro, and spends at least one night in an accommodation facility.

According to the <u>Revision policy</u> of the Statistical Office, the final data shall be published with the date defined by the Statistical Release Calendar.

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