

## Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation<sup>1</sup> December 2019

In Montenegro, in December 2019 in collective accommodation (hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc.) tourists realised 29,9% more arrivals than in December 2018.

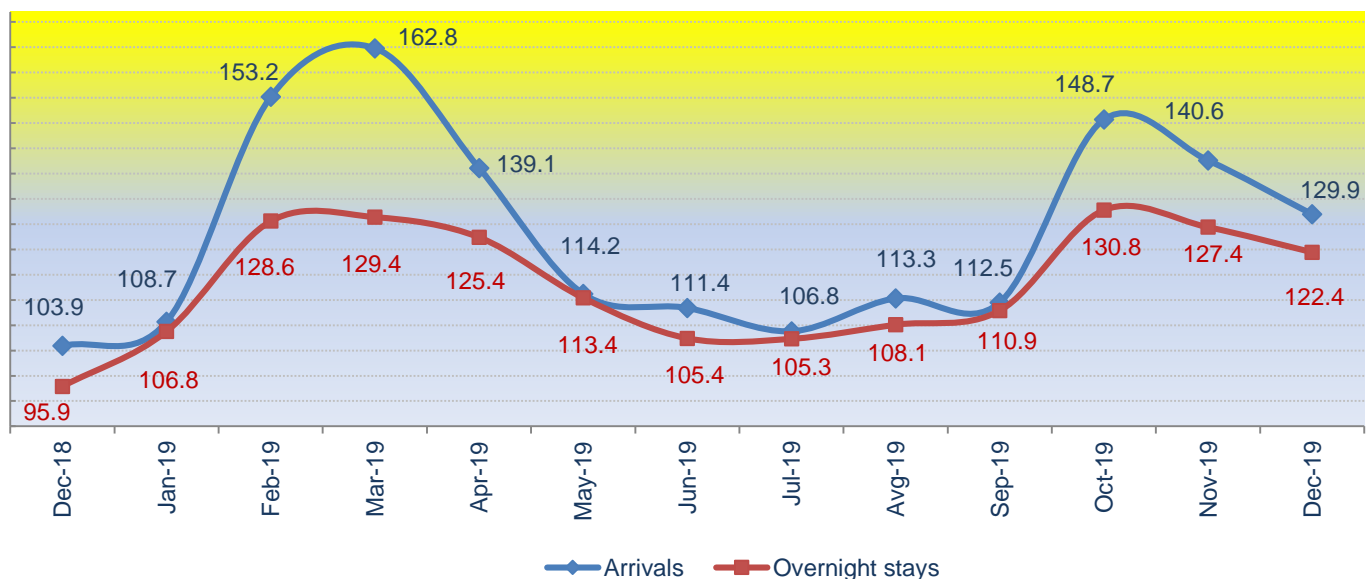
The number of realised overnight stays is 22.4% higher than in December 2018. Overnight stays of foreign tourists represent 75.0% while the domestic tourists represent 25.0% of all overnight stays in collective accommodation in December 2019.

In the 2019 tourists realised 20.1% more arrivals and 11.2% more overnight stays than in 2018.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays of foreign tourists, in December 2019, the most of them were realised by tourists from Albania (15.3%), Serbia (14.3%), Russia (7.9%), Germany (7.6%), Croatia (5.4%), Bosnia and Herzegovina (4.5%), Turkey (3.9%), China including Hong Kong (3.7%). Tourists from other countries realised 37.4% overnight stays.

Concerning the structure of overnight stays by type of resort, the most of them were realised in seaside resorts (61.4%), capital (20.9%), in mountain resorts (9.1%) and other tourist resorts (8.6%)

**Graph 1 Annual indices of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation**



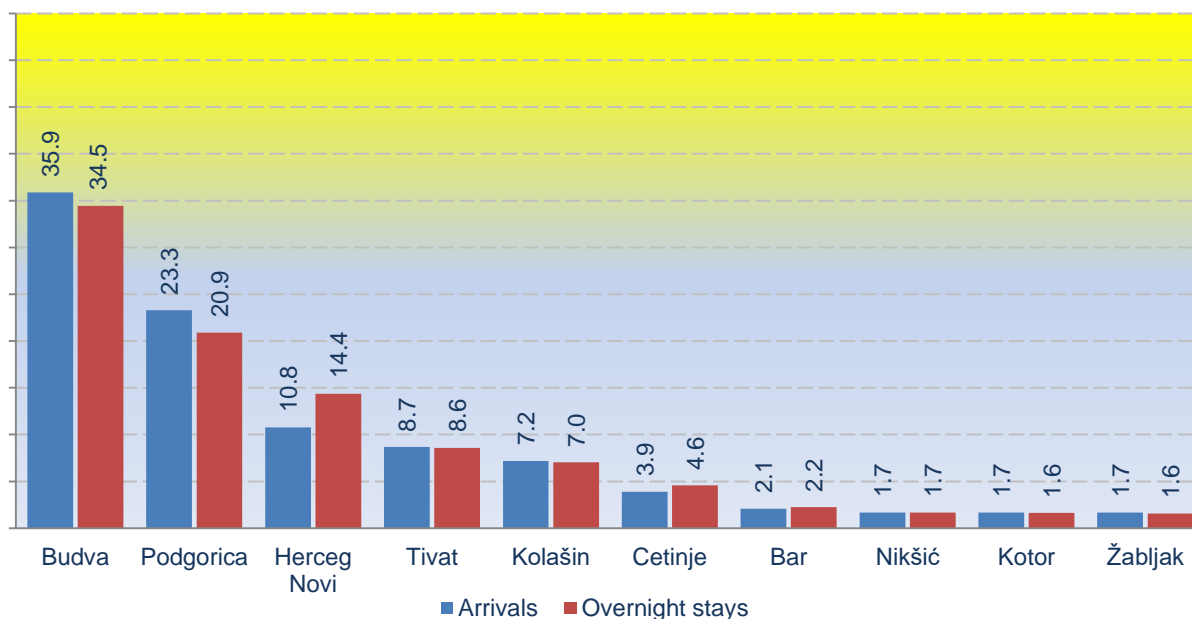
<sup>1</sup> Collective accommodation establishments include hotels, camping sites, tourist resorts, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, etc. Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

Note: The data of the individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments) will be processed and published annually since 2018, according to the Annual Plan of Official Statistics.

**Table 1 Arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation by municipalities, December 2019**

Municipality	Arrivals of tourists				Overnight stays of tourists			
	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) in %
<b>Total</b>	<b>32 907</b>	<b>8 480</b>	<b>41 387</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>56 810</b>	<b>18 902</b>	<b>75 712</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Andrijevica	4	7	11	0.0	4	7	11	0.0
Bar	569	298	867	2.1	1 210	486	1 696	2.2
Berane	166	235	401	1.0	277	279	556	0.7
Bijelo Polje	185	262	447	1.1	232	341	573	0.8
Budva	12 520	2 324	14 844	35.9	22 214	3 872	26 086	34.5
Cetinje	136	1 474	1 610	3.9	198	3 262	3 460	4.6
Danilovgrad	47	21	68	0.2	110	48	158	0.2
Herceg Novi	4 024	431	4 455	10.8	5 688	5 188	10 876	14.4
Kolasin	2 422	552	2 974	7.2	4 439	888	5 327	7.0
Kotor	649	36	685	1.7	1 130	102	1 232	1.6
Mojkovac	21	17	38	0.1	80	18	98	0.1
Nikšić	436	257	693	1.7	844	426	1 270	1.7
Pljevlja	134	118	252	0.6	228	169	397	0.5
Pluzine	12	-	12	0.0	71	-	71	0.1
Podgorica	8 147	1 489	9 636	23.3	13 692	2 137	15 829	20.9
Rozaje	33	15	48	0.1	250	48	298	0.4
Tivat	3 175	413	3 588	8.7	5 724	769	6 493	8.6
Ulcinj	5	64	69	0.2	7	91	98	0.1
Zabljak	222	467	689	1.7	412	771	1 183	1.6

**Graph 2 Structure of arrivals and overnight stays of tourists in collective accommodation in the most visited municipalities (in %), December 2019**



**Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation  
by country of residence, December 2019**

Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %
<b>Foreign tourists</b>	<b>32 907</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>56 810</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Europe</b>	<b>29 065</b>	<b>88.3</b>	<b>50 825</b>	<b>89.5</b>
Albania	5 142	15.6	8 711	15.3
Austria	583	1.8	1 510	2.7
Belgium	99	0.3	189	0.3
Belarus	36	0.1	55	0.1
Bosnia and Herzegovina	1 281	3.9	2 535	4.5
Bulgaria	479	1.5	1 260	2.2
Czech Republic	91	0.3	193	0.3
Denmark	795	2.4	808	1.4
Estonia	21	0.1	54	0.1
Finland	393	1.2	434	0.8
France	295	0.9	707	1.2
Greece	193	0.6	459	0.8
Netherlands	891	2.7	1 262	2.2
Croatia	1 613	4.9	3 089	5.4
Ireland	519	1.6	566	1.0
Iceland	6	0.0	6	0.0
Italy	882	2.7	1 775	3.1
Cyprus	11	0.0	52	0.1
Kosovo	516	1.6	939	1.7
Latvia	51	0.2	92	0.2
Lithuania	15	0.0	26	0.0
Luxembourg	14	0.0	37	0.1
Hungary	134	0.4	298	0.5
Malta	22	0.1	42	0.1
Republic of North Macedonia	796	2.4	1 619	2.8
Norway	439	1.3	450	0.8
Germany	3 776	11.5	4 325	7.6
Poland	150	0.5	284	0.5
Portugal	33	0.1	64	0.1
Romania	100	0.3	157	0.3
Russia	1 822	5.5	4 492	7.9
Slovakia	45	0.1	78	0.1
Slovenia	406	1.2	744	1.3
Serbia	4 176	12.7	8 142	14.3
Spain	164	0.5	307	0.5
Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)	136	0.4	310	0.5
Sweden	1 239	3.8	1 405	2.5
Turkey	1 123	3.4	2 201	3.9
Ukraine	104	0.3	191	0.3
United Kingdom	373	1.1	798	1.4
Other European countries	101	0.3	159	0.3

**Table 2 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by country of residence, December 2019**

*follow-up*

Country	Arrivals	Structure, in %	Overnight stays	Structure, in %
<b>Non-European countries</b>	<b>3 842</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>5 985</b>	<b>10.5</b>
South Africa	19	0.1	58	0.1
Other African countries	78	0.2	266	0.5
Canada	70	0.2	174	0.3
USA	368	1.1	727	1.3
Other Northern American countries	7	0.0	14	0.0
Argentina	12	0.0	32	0.1
Brazil	29	0.1	57	0.1
Chile	4	0.0	13	0.0
Other Central or South American countries	48	0.1	138	0.2
China (including Hong Kong)	1 499	4.6	2 085	3.7
Japan	126	0.4	143	0.3
Republic of Korea	50	0.2	59	0.1
Israel	104	0.3	260	0.5
India	98	0.3	190	0.3
Azerbaijan	56	0.2	196	0.3
Other Asian countries	1 099	3.3	1 297	2.3
Australia	58	0.2	110	0.2
New Zealand	29	0.1	55	0.1
Oceania and other territories	88	0.3	111	0.2

**Table 3 Arrivals and overnight stays of foreign tourists in collective accommodation by type of place<sup>2</sup>, December 2019**

Type of place	Arrivals				Overnight stays			
	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure	Foreign	Domestic	Total	Structure
	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %	(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)+(2)	(3) u %
<b>Total</b>	<b>32 907</b>	<b>8 480</b>	<b>41 387</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>56 810</b>	<b>18 902</b>	<b>75 712</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Capital	8 147	1 489	9 636	23.3	13 692	2 137	15 829	20.9
Seaside resorts	20 942	3 566	24 508	59.2	35 973	10 508	46 481	61.4
Mountain resorts	2 693	1 041	3 734	9.0	5 176	1 714	6 890	9.1
Other tourist resorts	1 078	2 363	3 441	8.3	1 859	4 495	6 354	8.4
Other resorts	47	21	68	0.2	110	48	158	0.2

<sup>2</sup> **Capital:** Podgorica.

**Seaside resorts:** Bar, Budva, Kotor, Tivat, Ulcinj i Herceg Novi.

**Mountain resorts:** Andrijevisa, Gusinje, Kolasin, Plav, Pluzine, Rozaje, Savnik i Zabljak.

**Other tourist resorts:** Berane, Bijelo Polje, Cetinje, Mojkovac, Niksic, Petnjica i Pljevlja.

**Other resorts:** Danilovgrad.

## METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Data on tourist traffic in collective accommodation (number of arrivals and overnight stays) have been collected by regular Monthly report on tourists arrivals and overnight stays in the collective accommodation establishments (form TU-11). Reports are made according to guest books which are led by reception of collective accommodation establishments (all types of hotels, vacation facilities, boarding houses, motels, tourist resorts, hostels, etc.). Collective accommodation establishments do not include individual, so-called "private accommodation" (rented accommodation in houses, rooms and apartments).

Tourist is a person who spends at least one night in an accommodation facility or some other object for accommodation of tourist, in a place other than his/her place of permanent residence for the reasons of rest or recreation, health, studies, sports, religion, family, business, public missions or meetings. Tourists do not include migrants, border workers, diplomats, member of military forces in the regular duty, refugees, etc. Tourists are not persons who stays longer than 12 consecutive months in place visited, persons engaged in some activity funded from the place of the visit, persons who regularly, daily and weekly travel to the place for work or study, migrants, border workers, diplomatic and consular representatives, refugees, displaced persons, persons in transit who do not formally enter the country, permanent residents who travel to another place with the intention to reside there permanently, people who are temporarily working in Montenegro and receive a salary for their work.

Domestic tourist is a person with permanent residence in Montenegro who temporarily resides in any place of Montenegro, and spends at least one night in accommodation facility.

Foreign tourist is a person with permanent residence outside Montenegro, who temporarily resides in any place in Montenegro, and spends at least one night in an accommodation facility.

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