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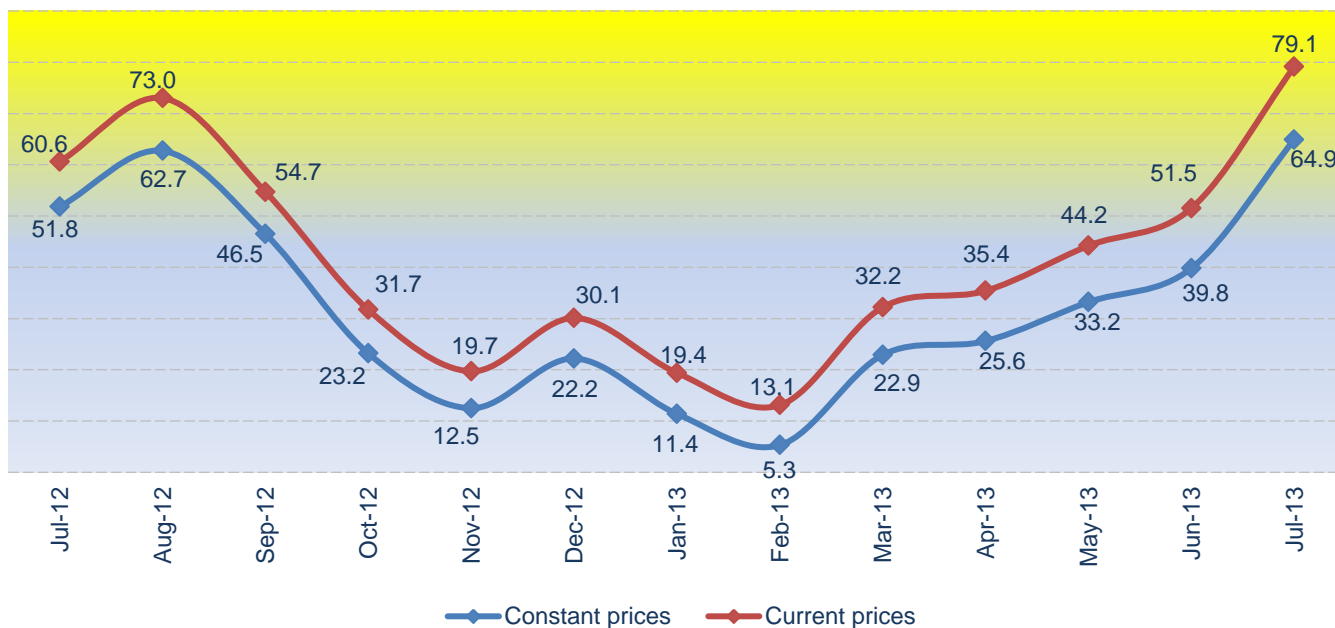
Turnover Indices of Retail Trade *July 2013*

Turnover of goods in retail trade in Montenegro in July 2013. compared with June 2013 is higher in current prices for 18.2 % and in constant prices for 18.0 %.

Turnover of goods in retail trade in July 2013. compared with July 2012. in current prices is higher for 11,5% and in constant prices for 9.0%.

All published indices of current month should be treated as previous ones. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.

Graph 1. Turnover rate in retail trade at current and constant prices, 2010=100



**Table 1. Turnover indices in retail trade in current and constant prices
July 2013**

Indices	<u>Jul 2013</u>	<u>Jul 2013</u>	<u>Jul 2013</u>	<u>Jan-Jul 2013</u>
	<u>Ø 2010</u>	<u>Jun 2013</u>	<u>Jul 2012</u>	<u>Jan-Jul 2012</u>
Turnover indices of goods in current prices	179.1	118.2	111.5	109.4
Turnover indices of goods in constant prices	164.9	118.0	109.0	106.9

Table 2¹. Turnover indices in retail trade in constant and current prices

Month	Turnover indices of goods in current prices			Turnover indices of goods in constant prices		
	2010=100	Monthly indices	Annual indices	2010=100	Monthly indices	Annual indices
2013						
Jan	119.4	91.8	112.1	111.4	91.2	109.5
Feb	113.4	94.7	108.2	105.3	94.5	105.7
Mar	132.2	116.9	106.6	122.9	116.8	104.3
Apr	135.4	102.4	107.8	125.6	102.2	105.4
May	144.2	106.5	108.6	133.2	106.1	106.2
Jun	151.5	105.1	110.3	139.8	104.9	108.0
Jul	179.1	118.2	111.5	164.9	118.0	109.0
2012						
Jan	106.5	83.6	121.4	101.8	83.2	116.9
Feb	104.5	98.1	116.3	99.6	97.8	112.5
Mar	124.0	118.6	108.0	117.9	118.4	105.8
Apr	125.7	101.4	118.6	119.1	101.1	115.7
May	132.8	105.6	109.8	125.4	105.3	106.9
Jun	137.4	103.5	103.3	129.5	103.2	101.1
Jul	160.6	116.9	102.1	151.8	117.3	100.3
Aug	173.0	107.7	101.1	162.7	107.5	99.2
Sep	154.7	89.4	104.4	146.5	90.1	103.1
Oct	131.7	85.1	103.5	123.2	84.1	101.1
Nov	119.7	90.9	102.1	112.5	91.3	100.2
Dec	130.1	108.7	102.1	122.2	108.6	100.2
2011	125.1			120.8		
Jan	87.8	94.6	118.6	87.1	93.8	117.7
Feb	89.9	102.4	112.8	88.5	101.6	111.0
Mar	114.8	127.7	143.9	111.4	125.9	139.7
Apr	106.0	92.3	113.0	102.9	92.4	109.8
Sep	148.1	86.6	125.2	142.1	86.7	120.1

¹ With transition to the new classification NACE Rev.2, Trade of motor vehicles and motorcycles and trade of parts of motor vehicles are being monitored by a special research Trg10M, since January 2012. Considering these changes or the new classification NACE Rev.2, the turnover indices in retail trade are recalculated and presented by the new classification NACE Rev.2 since year 2010. Since January 2013, in the sample frame have been included a company that is engaged in retail trade even though they are registered in another activity.

Table 3². Annual rate of turnover of retail trade in constant prices in EU countries,%

	<u>Jan 2013</u> Jan 2012	<u>Feb 2013</u> Feb 2012	<u>Mar 2013</u> Mar 2012	<u>Apr 2013</u> Apr 2012	<u>Maj 2013</u> Maj 2012	<u>Jun 2013</u> Jun 2012
EA 17	-1.8	-1.8	-2.0	-1.0	0.3	-0.9
EU 27	-1.0	-0.5	-1.1	-0.6	0.8	0.1
EU 28	-1.0	-0.5	-1.1	-0.6	0.8	0.1
Belgium (BE)	0.7	-2.9	-0.1	-0.9	2.8	2.1
Bulgaria (BG)	-5.6	-3.5	-1.6	3.1	1.5	0.6
Čzech Republic(CZ)	0.8	0.1	1.5	-1.3	0.2	c
Denmark (DK)	-4.0	-0.1	-2.9	-3.1	-1.9	0.4
Germany (DE)	2.9	1.2	0.2	0.9	1.6	-0.4
Estonia (EE)	-0.3	-4.1	2.0	3.0	5.1	0.5
Ireland (IE)	1.2	1.5	1.4	-2.1	0.2	1.3
Greece (EL)	-16.9	-14.1	-5.9	-14.5	2.3	c
Špain (ES)	-11.6	-9.4	-10.3	-6.6	-6.3	-6.9
France (FR)	0.9	-0.1	-0.5	1.2	1.8	0.4
Croatia	-3.3	2.4	-1.4	1.2	3.8	c
Italy(IT)	-4.0	-2.3	-2.4	-1.5	0.5	c
Cyprus (CY)	-6.8	-10.0	-14.6	-12.6	c	c
Latvia (LV)	6.4	6.0	7.7	5.5	7.9	4.6
Lithuania(LT)	1.6	2.1	4.6	4.4	7.3	6.7
Luxembourg (LU)	17.5	19.1	16.0	15.6	28.5	27.5
Hungary (HU)	-2.2	-1.1	-3.0	-3.5	2.1	-0.4
Malta (MT)	-2.1	-0.3	-4.2	-4.3	-3.1	1.5
Netherland (NL)	-6.4	-3.6	-5.3	-4.1	-4.1	c
Austria (AT)	-1.3	-0.2	-3.3	0.5	1.3	-1.8
Poland (PL)	2.7	4.5	1.6	2.7	2.9	5.5
Portugal (PT)	-4.1	-5.7	-5.5	-1.6	-3.6	-2.6
Romania (RO)	3.1	0.7	-2.0	1.7	-4.2	-3.1
Slovenia (SI)	-5.9	-3.8	-5.8	-3.8	-1.6	-3.6
Slovakia (SK)	-1.3	-1.8	-0.8	1.1	1.8	0.9
Finland (FI)	-0.8	-3.3	0.5	-1.4	0.3	0.2
Sweden (SE)	2.0	3.3	2.4	1.2	2.9	3.4
United Kongdom (UK)	1.6	3.8	2.3	-0.1	2.8	3.1

c Confidential
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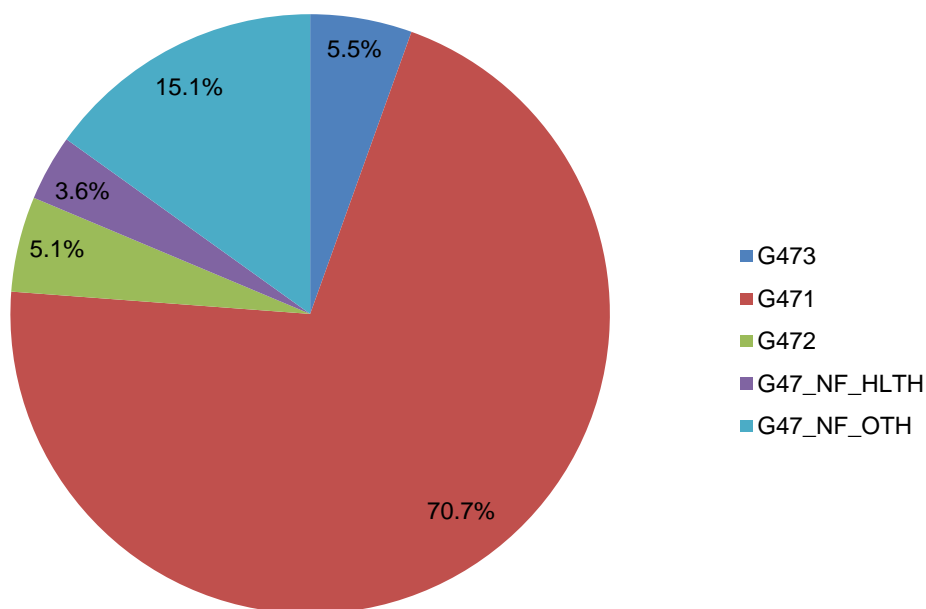
² Table 3 is taken from the official website of Eurostat and shows turnover rates of retail trade of the current month compared to the same month last year.

Table 4. Percentage changes in turnover in constant prices by activities in Montenegro, %

Nace Rev2	Activities	Feb 2013 Feb 2012	Mar 2013 Mar 2012	Apr 2013 Apr 2012	May 2013 May 2012	Jun 2013 Jun 2012	Jul 2013 Jul 2012
G473	Retail trade of automotive fuel	-13.2	-2.2	0.9	-3.6	-15.7	-9.8
G471	Retail trade in non-specialized stores	21.0	13.5	16.7	16.1	20.0	21.2
G472	Retail trade of food, drink and tobacco	-3.8	-9.8	-11.9	-2.7	8.6	-0.7
G47_NF_HLTH	Retail trade of pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic and toilet preparations	0.2	-14.2	-4.1	2.7	17.2	4.6
G47_NF_OTH	Other retail trade in the spec. stores	-19.8	-10.2	-14.3	-12.8	-17.8	-15.9
G47	Total retail	5.7	4.3	5.4	6.2	8.0	9.0
G47X473	Total trade without motor fuels	7.2	4.7	5.7	6.9	9.9	10.4

Note: Data are not seasonally adjusted, and because of that they are not comparable with EU data.

Graph 2. Share of activities in total retail trade (July 2013)



METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

Data sources

The data on internal trade of enterprises engaged in the retail trade are collected by regular monthly survey. The survey is based on the sample and covers enterprises classified in areas 50 and 52 in accordance with Activity Classification.

Coverage

Internal trade statistics covers and presents turnover of enterprises with the retail trade as their main activity and some large companies engaged in retail and are registered in another activity. Monthly survey on retail trade is conducted at the basis of sample including all large and middle enterprises. and small and micro ones are defined by the random sample method.

Definitions

Turnover of goods in retail trade represents the value of goods of enterprises sold to to final consumers. i.e. population for personal consumption and household use. as well as to legal and natural persons for performing industries.

Indices of turnover of goods in constant prices are received by deflating index in current prices. by appropriate indices of retail goods prices.

All published indices should be treated as previous. what means that certain corrections based on received results are possible.

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